## Starting the job

When I start a new job in a garden
I use string to mark out the perimeter of features.


## Activity 6

## Remember

Perimeter means the distance all around the outside of a shape.

To work out the length of string he needs to mark it out, John adds all the sides together. This is the perimeter of the patio.

John adds up the lengths of all 4 sides of the patio.
$2.4 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m}+2.4 \mathrm{~m}+1.2 \mathrm{~m}=7.2 \mathrm{~m}$
He needs 7.2 metres of string to mark out the patio.

Remember that all units must be the same.

Work out these perimeters.
1 A rectangular base for a garden shed measuring 2.1 m by 1.8 m .

2 A triangular flower bed measuring 1.5 m by 1.5 m by 2.4 m .

3 A raised bed 3 m long and 1 m wide.
$\qquad$
4 A path 4.3 m long and 75 cm wide.

Draw sketches to help you

## Activity 7

A wall in the garden is 2.4 m long and 600 mm high.
1 Area of the face of the wall $=2.4 \mathrm{~m} \times 0.6 \mathrm{~m}=\square$
There are approximately 60 bricks per $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ of area.
2 Number of bricks needed $=$ area $\times 60=$ $\qquad$ bricks
To make sure that there are enough bricks John buys 10\% more than his estimate.

## Remember

Area of rectangle $=$ length $\times$ width, $A=I \times w$.
$\square$
$310 \%$ of $\square=\square$ extra bricks

## Remember

An easy way to find $10 \%$ is to divide by 10 .

4 Total number of bricks = $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

## (1) Activity 8

The flower bed is to be 3 metres long, 1 metre wide and 450 mm high. John needs to order the bricks
so first he works out the area of each side.


3 Total area $=2 \times$ long sides $+2 \times$ short sides $=$ $\mathrm{m}^{2}$
There are approximately 60 bricks per $\mathrm{m}^{2}$.
4 Number of bricks $=$ area $\times 60=$ $\qquad$ bricks.

To make sure that he has enough bricks, John buys $10 \%$ more than his estimate.
$510 \%$ of $\square=\square$ extra bricks.
6 Total number of bricks $\qquad$ $+$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

## Activity 9

Now I want to fill a different raised bed with soil. To work out the volume of soil I need I have to find the inside measurements of the bed.


Walls in a raised bed are one brick thick so to get the inside length, John has to take two brick widths from the outside measurement (one for each side).

A brick is 102.5 mm wide so two bricks are $2 \times 102.5=205 \mathrm{~mm}=0.205 \mathrm{~m}$.
This raised bed is 2.5 m long, 0.75 m wide and 400 mm high.

With all these different measurements I have to cope with I am going to work in metres all the time.

1 a The inside length $=2.5 \mathrm{~m}-0.205 \mathrm{~m}=2.295 \mathrm{~m}$

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=\text {..................... to } 2 \text { decimal places. }
$$

b Inside width = $\qquad$ $\mathrm{m}-0.205 \mathrm{~m}=$ $\qquad$ m

c Volume of soil $=$ inside length $\times$ inside width $\times$ height $=$ $\mathrm{m}^{3}$

2 How much soil will be needed for my new raised bed 3 m long, 1 m wide and 450 mm high?

Use separate paper and follow the method shown in

## Remember

Volume $=$ length $\times$ width $\times$ height question 1.

