## Build your skills for managing your money

## Managing your debts - Part 3

This part of the task gives you the chance to try out your skills and check your progress with some typical questions from the Entry 3 National Certificate.

It also contains the answers to all the activities in Part 1 and Part 3.

## Try It Out

Now try out your skills by doing the following two tasks.


Task 1


Miriam has rent arrears of £335. She has spoken to her landlord and he has agreed that she can pay off £20 per month towards the cost of these arrears.


1 How many months will it take Miriam to pay off the arrears she owes?
2 How long is this in years and months?
3 How much will her final payment be?

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## Task 2



Ray owes money to several creditors:

## UK GAS

Statement of charges
Overdue account: £200

## MT Electric

Dear Mr Smith
You owe $£ 400$. If you do not make arrangements to pay this amount immediately, we will cut off your supply.


Mortgage statement
Account no: 2131953
Your account is $£ 600$ in arrears.

He has worked out a personal budget and thinks that, by being very careful about how much he spends, he could find $£ 150$ a month he can use towards paying his creditors.

## 1 Work out how much he should pay to each of his creditors.

EITHER:

- Use the 'Money Matters to Me' repayment calculator (www.moneymatterstome.co.uk/9-Implications-of-finance/Sub1/ActivityPersonalBudgetAndRepayCalc.htm)

OR

- Use the method practised in Activity 4:
- Add up all your debts. This gives the total amount you owe.

Then, for each creditor:

- Multiply what you owe that creditor by the money you have available towards paying off your debts.
- Divide the result by your total debts.

The result is the amount that you can repay that creditor.

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2 How long will it take him to pay off these debts if he keeps paying the amounts you have worked out each month?
Tip: Think about the amount he owes to a single creditor and how much he will be paying per month. How many months will it take to pay the debt?


## Questions to check on your progress

These questions are taken from the Progress Checks - confidence-building tests from the Learner Route.

Q1

This question is about a music concert.
A customer has $£ 50$. What is the largest number of $£ 9$ tickets he can buy for $£ 50$ ?

A 4
B 5
C 6
D 9

## Q2

This question is about a taxi driver.
The taxi driver collects an average of $£ 7$ a day in tips.
How many days does it take her to collect $£ 50$ in tips?
A 6
B 7
C 8
D 9

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## Q3

This question is about buying a new car.
The road tax for this car costs $£ 165$ for six months.
How much is the cost per month?

A £26.00
B $£ 27.00$
C $£ 27.50$
D £28.00

Q4


This question is about saving energy and recycling.
One T-shirt can be made from 5 recycled plastic bottles.
How many T-shirts can be made from 28 recycled plastic bottles?
A 4
B 5
C 6
D 7

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## Q5

This question is about the costs of home media products.
Four out of ten people choose to buy one package for television, phone and broadband altogether.

Which fraction is the same as $\frac{4}{10}$ ?

A $\frac{2}{10}$
B $\frac{1}{4}$
C $\quad \frac{2}{5}$
D $\frac{1}{2}$

Q6
This question is about a cinema.
Tickets for the cinema cost $£ 6$ each.
A customer has £45.
What is the largest number of tickets that can be bought for $£ 45$ ?
A 6
B 7
C 8
D 9

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## Answers to questions in Part 1

## Activity 1 (answers)

| 1 | $£ 195 \div £ 10=19.5$ | $=>20$ months |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | $£ 125 \div £ 10=12.5$ | $=>13$ months |
| 3 | $£ 365 \div £ 10=36.5$ | $=>\mathbf{3 7}$ months |
| 4 | $£ 420 \div £ 30=14$ | $=>\mathbf{1 4}$ months |
| 5 | $£ 225 \div £ 20=11.25$ | $=>\mathbf{1 2}$ months |

## Activity 2 (Answers)

|  | Payment period in <br> months |  | Payment period in years <br> and months |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 39 months | 36 months +3 months | 3 years and 3 months |
| 2 | 27 months | 24 months +3 months | 2 years and 3 months |
| 3 | 31 months | 24 months +7 months | 2 years and 7 months |
| 4 | 19 months | 12 months +7 months | 1 year and 7 months |
| 5 | 22 months | 12 months +10 months | 1 year and 10 months |
| 6 | 42 months | 36 months +6 months | 3 years and 6 months |

## Activity 3 (Answers)

The most likely matches are:

| 1 | TV licence not paid | B | You may be taken to court |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Rent arrears | D | Possible eviction from your home |
| 3 | Council Tax arrears | C | Compulsory deduction from income |
| 4 | Electricity bill unpaid | A | Supply cut off |
| 5 | Gas bill overdue | G | Supply cut off |
| 6 | Credit card payments not made | H | Bailiffs may take some of your <br> possessions |
| 7 | Mortgage arrears | F | Possible repossession of your home |
| 8 | Hire-purchase (HP) payments |  |  |
| overdue |  |  |  |$\quad$ E | Repossession of goods |
| :---: |

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However, you may have some slight variations to some of these matches. For more information and advice about the risks associated with different debts, see:
www.moneymatterstome.co.uk/9-Implications-of-finance/Sub1/PrioritisingYourDebts.htm.
Or try the activity 'What happens if I don't pay?' (www.moneymatterstome.co.uk/5-
Spending-and-budgeting/Sub1/WhatHappensIfIDontPay.htm).

## Activity 4 (Answers)

1

| Creditor | Amount owed | Fraction of total debt |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Electricity | $£ 300$ | $1 / 2$ |
| Mortgage | $£ 300$ | $1 / 2$ |

Visual representation showing $6 \times £ 100$ :


2

| Creditor | Amount owed | Fraction of total debt |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Water | $£ 200$ | $1 / 4$ |
| Mortgage | $£ 600$ | $3 / 4$ |

Visual representation showing $8 \times £ 100$ :


3

| Creditor | Amount owed | Fraction of total debt |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Rent | $£ 600$ | $2 / 3$ |
| Gas | $£ 300$ | $1 / 3$ |

Visual representation showing $9 \times £ 100$ :


4

| Creditor | Amount owed | Fraction of total debt |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Electricity | $£ 250$ | $1 / 4$ |
| Gas | $£ 500$ | $1 / 2$ |
| Rent | $£ 250$ | $1 / 4$ |

Visual representation showing $10 \times £ 100$ :


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| $\mathbf{5}$ | Creditor | Amount owed | Fraction of total debt |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  | Water | $£ 400$ | $1 / 2$ |
|  | Mortgage | $£ 200$ | $1 / 4$ |
|  | Electricity | $£ 200$ | $1 / 4$ |

Visual representation showing $8 \times £ 100$ :


## Activity 5 (Answers)

1 Max owes money to the creditors shown in the table below and has $£ 200$ available towards paying his debts.

| Creditor | Amount <br> owed |  |  | Payment |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Council Tax | $£ 500$ | $£ 500 \times £ 200=£ 100000$ | $£ 100000 \div £ 1000$ | $=£ 100$ |  |  |
| Rent | $£ 300$ | $£ 300 \times £ 200=£ 60000$ | $£ 60000 \div £ 1000$ | $=$ <br> Gas |  |  |
| $£ 200$ | $£ 200 \times £ 200=£ 40000$ | $£ 40000 \div £ 1000$ | $=$ | $£ 40$ |  |  |
|  | $£ 1000$ |  |  |  |  | $£ 200$ |

2 Ella has the following debts. She has $£ 400$ she can use towards paying off these debts.

| Creditor | Amount <br> owed |  |  | Payment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mortgage | $£ 750$ | $£ 750 \times £ 400=£ 300000$ | $£ 300000 \div £ 1250=$ | $£ 240$ |  |
| Electricity | $£ 250$ | $£ 250 \times £ 400=£ 100000$ | $£ 100000 \div £ 1250=$ | $£ 80$ |  |
| Water | $£ 250$ | $£ 250 \times £ 400=£ 100000$ | $£ 100000 \div £ 1250=$ | $£ 80$ |  |
|  | $£ 1250$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $£ 400$ |  |

3 Nuri owes money to the creditors shown in the table below and has £200 available towards paying his debts.

| Creditor | Amount <br> owed |  |  | Payment |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rent | $£ 280$ | $£ 280 \times £ 200=£ 56000$ | $£ 56000 \div £ 800$ | $=$ | $£ 70$ |
| Electricity | $£ 400$ | $£ 400 \times £ 200=£ 80000$ | $£ 80000 \div £ 800$ | $=$ | $£ 100$ |
| TV licence | $£ 120$ | $£ 120 \times £ 200=£ 24000$ | $£ 24000 \div £ 800$ | $=$ | $£ 30$ |
|  | $£ 800$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $£ 200$ |  |

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## Try It Out (Answers)

## Task 1

$1 £ 335 \div 20=16.75$
So it will take 17 months to pay the arrears.
(After 16 months she won't have paid quite enough to pay the full arrears.)
$2 \quad 17$ months is $\mathbf{1}$ year and $\mathbf{5}$ months.
( 12 months +5 months $=17$ months)

316 payments will be $16 \times £ 20=£ 320$
So after she's made 16 payments, she will still have the last $£ 15$ left to pay in the last payment.

## Task 2

1 The amount Ray should pay each creditor is:

| Creditor | Amount <br> owed |  |  | Payment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| UK Gas | $£ 200$ | $£ 200 \times £ 150=£ 30000$ | $30000 \div 1200=$ | $£ 25$ |
| MT Electric | $£ 400$ | $£ 400 \times £ 150=£ 60000$ | $60000 \div 1200=$ | $£ 50$ |
| Mortgage | $£ 600$ | $£ 600 \times £ 150=£ 90000$ | $90000 \div 1200=$ | $£ 75$ |
|  | $£ 1200$ |  |  | $£ 150$ |

2 He owes MT Electric $£ 400$. If he pays $£ 50$ a month, it will take him 8 months to pay the debt. $\quad(£ 400 \div £ 50=8)$

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## Progress Check (Answers)

Q1
B $£ 50 \div £ 9=>5$ tickets $\quad(5 \times 9=45)$
There isn't enough for 6 tickets.

Q2
C $£ 50 \div £ 7=>8$ days $(7 \times 8=56)$
After 7 days she'll only have $£ 49$, so not quite $£ 50$ yet.

Q3

Q4

Q5

Q6

C $£ 165 \div 6=£ 27.50$
The cost of road tax per month is exactly $£ 27.50$.

B 5 bottles per T-shirt => 28 bottles will make 5 shirts $(5 \times 5=25)$
There isn't enough for $6 T$-shirts

C $\quad 4 / 10$ is the same as $2 / 5$


B $£ 45 \div £ 6=>7$ tickets

$$
(6 \times 7=42)
$$

There isn't enough for 8 tickets.

